HOUSE BILL NO. HB0078

Natural gas-taxation.

Sponsored by: Representative(s) Lubnau, Anderson, R. and Roscoe and Senator(s) Schiffer

A BILL

for

- 1 AN ACT relating to taxation and revenue; providing for
- 2 valuation of natural gas as specified; providing
- 3 definitions; providing legislative findings; providing
- 4 applicability; and providing for an effective date.

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6 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:

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- 8 **Section 1.** W.S. 39-14-201(a)(vii) and by creating a
- 9 new paragraph (xxxvii) and 39-14-203(b)(iv) are amended to
- 10 read:

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12 **39-14-201.** Definitions.

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14 (a) As used in this article:

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2010

(vii) "Dehydrator" or "dehydration facility" 1 2 means a facility, specialty equipment or device which 3 removes has as its primary purpose the removal of water 4 vapor that is commonly associated with raw natural gas. A 5 dehydration facility shall not be considered a processing facility, regardless of the size or complexity of the 6 7 facility. The removal of water vapor from the raw natural gas stream in a dehydration facility shall not constitute 8 9 processing; 10 11 (xxxvii) "Processing facility" means a facility 12 occurring downstream and following completion of all 13 gathering activities and dehydration, if any, and the 14 primary purpose of which is to perform processing. 15 16 39-14-203. Imposition. 17 Basis of tax. The following shall apply: 18 (b) 19 20 The production process for natural gas is 21 completed after extracting from the well, gathering, 22 separating, injecting and any other activity which occurs before the outlet of the initial dehydrator. Subject to 23 24 subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, when no dehydration is

1	performed, other than within a processing facility, the								
2	production process is completed at the inlet to the								
3	processing facility, transportation related compressor or								
4	custody transfer meter, whichever occurs first. When								
5	neither dehydration nor processing is performed, the								
6	production process is completed at the inlet to the initial								
7	transportation related compressor, or custody transfer								
8	meter, or processing facility, whichever occurs first:								
9									
LO	(A) Notwithstanding the requirement for								
L1	processing to occur beyond the inlet to a natural gas								
L2	processing facility as provided in W.S.								
L3	39-14-201(a)(xviii), if processing occurs within the								
L4	initial dehydrator those processing costs occurring between								
L5	the inlet and outlet of the dehydration facility are								
L6	deductible in determining taxable value.								
L7									
L8	Section 2.								
L9									
20	(a) The legislature finds that:								
21									
22	(i) Under certain unique circumstances, more								
23	particularly described in Exxon Mobil Corporation v.								
24	Department of Revenue, 2009 WY 139 (Wyo. 2009), raw natural								

1 gas is produced by oil and gas producers, then gathered to 2 a centralized dehydration facility where the raw natural 3 gas stream is dehydrated by removing water vapor. However, 4 the producer also removes certain heavy hydrocarbons along 5 with a small percentage of certain components of the raw natural gas stream as part of the dehydration process. 6 7 dehydrated raw natural gas stream is then transported to a processing facility where the component parts of the gas 8 9 stream are separated and prepared for sale or disposal. 10 Contrary to the intent of the legislature, the Wyoming 11 Supreme Court determined that an extraordinarily large and 12 complex dehydration facility was actually a processing 13 facility because certain heavy hydrocarbons were removed by 14 processing at the dehydration facility. It was further 15 determined that the terms "processing facility" "initial dehydrator," as used in the point of valuation 16 17 statute were ambiguous. It is the intent of legislature that the point of valuation is the outlet of 18 19 the initial dehydration facility, notwithstanding the size 20 or complexity of the facility, proximity to the wellhead, 21 unusual need for dehydration, environmental considerations, 22 or that some activities ancillary to dehydration may occur 23 in the dehydration facility;

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1 (ii) These circumstances occur in cases where

2 there is a sour or sweet gas stream and the dehydration

3 facility is located at a separate location from the

4 processing facility;

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(iii) Where the primary purpose of a facility is 6 7 dehydration, even if the facility is large and complex, the point of valuation is intended to be the outlet of the 8 dehydration facility, and a dehydration facility cannot 9 10 also be classified as a processing facility for point of 11 valuation purposes. Where the primary purpose of a 12 facility is processing raw natural gas into its separate 13 component parts for sale, the facility is a processing 14 facility, and a processing facility cannot also be classified as a dehydration facility for point of valuation 15 16 purposes. The Wyoming constitution, article 15, section 3, 17 provides that the minerals which are "or may be produced" shall be taxed on the "gross product thereof, as may be 18 19 prescribed by law" and "in proportion to the 20 thereof". Under certain unique circumstances, 21 particularly described in Exxon Mobil Corporation v. 22 Department of Revenue, 2009 WY 139 (Wyo. 2009), the point 23 upstream of the outlet of of value was moved the 24 dehydration facility because activities ancillary to

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1	dehydration,	which	could	be	considered	to	be	"processing,	•

occurred within the dehydration facility, which decision

does not reflect the intent of the legislature.

Section 3. This act shall apply to the natural gas

produced on or after July 1, 2011.

Section 4. This act is effective July 1, 2011.

(END)