HOUSE BILL NO. HB0161

Interstate compact on students of military families.

Sponsored by: Representative(s) Illoway and Senator(s)
Hastert and Johnson

A BILL

for

- 1 AN ACT relating to education; providing for an interstate
- 2 compact on educational opportunity for military children;
- 3 facilitating enrollment and placement of children of
- 4 military families; providing for involvement in an
- 5 interstate commission; and providing for an effective date.

6

7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:

8

- 9 **Section 1.** W.S. 21-24-101 through 21-24-118 are
- 10 created to read:

11

- 12 CHAPTER 24
- 13 INTERSTATE COMPACT ON STUDENTS OF MILITARY FAMILIES

14

15 **21-24-101. Purpose.**

16

1 ((a)	Ιt	is	the	purpose	of	this	compact	to	remove

2 barriers to educational success imposed on children of

3 military families because of frequent moves and deployment

4 of their parents by:

5

6 (i) Facilitating the timely enrollment of

7 children of military families and ensuring that they are

8 not placed at a disadvantage due to difficulty in the

9 transfer of education records from the previous school

10 district or variations in entrance-age requirements;

11

12 (ii) Facilitating the student placement process

13 through which children of military families are not

14 disadvantaged by variations in attendance requirements,

15 scheduling, sequencing, grading, course content or

16 assessment;

17

18 (iii) Facilitating the qualification and

19 eligibility for enrollment, educational programs, and

20 participation in extracurricular academic, athletic and

21 social activities;

22

23 (iv) Facilitating the on-time graduation of

2

24 children of military families;

-	

- 3 enforcement of administrative rules implementing the
- 4 provisions of this compact;

- 6 (vi) Providing for the uniform collection and
- 7 sharing of information between and among member states,
- 8 schools and military families under this compact;

9

- 10 (vii) Promoting coordination between this compact
- 11 and other compacts affecting military children;

12

- 13 (viii) Promoting flexibility and cooperation
- 14 between the educational system, parents and the student in
- 15 order to achieve educational success for the student.

16

17 **21-24-102.** Definitions.

18

- 19 (a) As used in this compact, unless the context
- 20 clearly requires a different construction:

21

- (i) "Active duty" means full-time duty status in
- 23 the active uniformed service of the United States,
- 24 including members of the National Guard and Reserve on

1 active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. section 1209 and

2 1211;

3

4 (ii) "Children of military families" means

5 school-aged children, enrolled in kindergarten through

6 twelfth grade, in the household of an active duty member;

7

8 (iii) "Compact commissioner" means the voting

9 representative of each compacting state appointed pursuant

10 to W.S. 21-24-108;

11

12 (iv) "Deployment" means the period one (1) month

13 prior to the service members' departure from their home

14 station on military orders though six (6) months after

15 return to their home station;

16

17 (v) "Educational records" means those official

18 records, files and data directly related to a student and

19 maintained by the school or local education agency,

20 including but not limited to records encompassing all the

21 material kept in the student's cumulative folder such as

22 general identifying data, records of attendance and of

23 academic work completed, records of achievement and results

4

1 of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary status, test

2 protocols and individualized education programs;

3

4 (vi) "Extracurricular activities" means a

5 voluntary activity sponsored by the school or local

6 education agency or an organization sanctioned by the local

7 education agency. Extracurricular activities include, but

8 are not limited to, preparation for and involvement in

9 public performances, contests, athletic competitions,

10 demonstrations, displays and club activities;

11

12 (vii) "Interstate commission on educational

13 opportunity for military children" means the commission

14 that is created under W.S. 21-14-109, which is generally

15 referred to as interstate commission;

16

17 (viii) "Local education agency" means a public

18 authority legally constituted by the state as an

19 administrative agency to provide control of and direction

20 for kindergarten through twelfth grade public educational

21 institutions;

22

23 (ix) "Member state" means a state that has

24 enacted this compact;

24

(x) "Military installation" means a base, camp, 2 post, station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship 3 or other activity under the jurisdiction of the department 4 5 of defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the several states, the District of Columbia, 6 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, 7 Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands and any 8 9 other U.S. territory. The term does not include any facility used primarily for civil works, rivers and harbors 10 projects or flood control projects; 11 12 13 (xi) "Nonmember state" means a state that has not 14 enacted this compact; 15 (xii) "Receiving state" means the state to which 16 17 a child of a military family is sent, brought or caused to be sent or brought; 18 19 "Rule" means a written statement by the 20 (xiii) 21 interstate commission promulgated pursuant to 21-24-112 that is of general applicability, implements, 22 interprets or prescribes a policy or provision of the 23

compact, or an organizational, procedural or practice

	1	requirement	of	the	interstate	commission,	and ha	s the	force
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- 2 and effect of statutory law in a member state and includes
- 3 the amendment, repeal or suspension of an existing rule;

- 5 (xiv) "Sending state" means the state from which
- 6 a child of a military family is sent, brought or caused to
- 7 be sent or brought;

8

- 9 (xv) "State" means a state of the United States,
- 10 the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,
- 11 the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern
- 12 Marianas Islands and any other U.S. territory;

13

- 14 (xvi) "Student" means the child of a military
- 15 family for whom the local education agency receives public
- 16 funding and who is formally enrolled in kindergarten
- 17 through twelfth grade;

18

19 (xvii) "Transition" means:

20

21 (A) The formal and physical process of

7

22 transferring from school to school; or

23

1	(B) The period of time in which a student
2	moves from one (1) school in the sending state to another
3	school in the receiving state.
4	
5	(xviii) "Uniformed service" means the army, navy,
6	air force, marine corps, coast guard as well as the
7	commissioned corps of the national oceanic and atmospheric
8	administration and public health services;
9	
10	(xix) "Veteran" means a person who served in the
11	uniformed services and who was discharged or released there
12	from under conditions other than dishonorable.
13	
14	21-24-103. Applicability.
15	
16	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of
17	this section, this compact shall apply to the children of:
18	
19	(i) Active duty members of the uniformed services
20	as defined in this compact, including members of the

national guard and reserve on active duty orders pursuant

8

to 10 U.S.C. sections 1209 and 1211;

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22

1 (ii) Members or veterans of the uniformed

2 services who are severely injured and medically discharged

3 or retired for a period of one (1) year after medical

4 discharge or retirement; and

5

6 (iii) Members of the uniformed services who die

7 on active duty or as a result of injuries sustained on

8 active duty for a period of one (1) year after death.

9

10 (b) The provisions of this interstate compact shall

11 only apply to local education agencies as defined in this

12 compact.

13

14 (c) The provisions of this compact shall not apply to

15 the children of:

16

17 (i) Inactive members of the national guard and

18 military reserves;

19

20 (ii) Members of the uniformed services now

21 retired, except as provided in subsection (a) of this

9

22 section;

23

1 (iii) Veterans of the uniformed services, except

2 as provided in subsection (a) of this section; and

3

4 (iv) Other United States department of defense

5 personnel and other federal agency civilian and contract

6 employees not defined as active duty members of the

7 uniformed services.

8

9 21-24-104. Educational records and enrollment.

10

11 (a) In the event that official education records
12 cannot be released to the parents for the purpose of
13 transfer, the custodian of the records in the sending state

14 shall prepare and furnish to the parent a complete set of

15 unofficial educational records containing uniform

16 information as determined by the interstate commission.

17 Upon receipt of the unofficial education records by a

18 school in the receiving state, the school shall enroll and

19 appropriately place the student based on the information

20 provided in the unofficial records pending validation by

21 the official records, as quickly as possible.

22

23 (b) Simultaneous with the enrollment and conditional 24 placement of the student, the school in the receiving state

1 shall request the student's official education record from

2 the school in the sending state. Upon receipt of this

3 request, the school in the sending state will process and

4 furnish the official education records to the school in the

5 receiving state within ten (10) days or within such time as

6 is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the

7 interstate commission.

interstate commission.

8

9 (c) Compacting states shall give thirty (30) days from the date of enrollment or within such time as is reasonably 10 11 determined under the rules promulgated by the interstate commission, for students to obtain any 12 immunization For a series of 13 required by the receiving state. initial vaccinations shall be obtained 14 immunizations, within thirty (30) days or within such time 15 is

reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the

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16

(d) Students shall be allowed to continue 19 their 20 enrollment at grade level in the receiving 21 commensurate with their grade level, including 22 kindergarten, from a local education agency in the sending state at the time of transition, regardless of age. A 23 student that has satisfactorily completed the prerequisite 24

1 grade level in the local education agency in the sending

2 state shall be eligible for enrollment in the next highest

3 grade level in the receiving state, regardless of age. A

4 student transferring after the start of the school year in

5 the receiving state shall enter the school in the receiving

6 state on their validated level from an accredited school in

7 the sending state.

8

9 21-24-105. Placement and attendance.

10

(a) When the student transfers before or during the 11 school year, the receiving state school shall initially 12 13 honor placement of the student in educational courses based on the student's enrollment in the sending state school and 14 educational assessments conducted at the school in the 15 sending state if the courses are offered. Course placement 16 17 includes but is not limited to honors, international baccalaureate, advanced placement, vocational, technical 18 19 and career pathways courses. Continuing the student's academic program from the previous school and promoting 20 21 placement in academically and career challenging courses 22 should be paramount when considering placement. This subsection does not preclude the school in the receiving 23 24 state from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure

1 appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the

2 student in the courses.

3

(b) The receiving state school shall initially honor 4 5 placement of the student in educational programs based on current educational assessments conducted at the school in 6 sending state or participation-placement 7 in like programs in the sending state. Such programs include, but 8 9 are not limited to gifted and talented programs and English 10 as a second language (ESL). This subsection does not preclude the school in the receiving state from performing 11 subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of 12

14

13

the student.

(c) In compliance with the federal requirements of the 15 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 16 17 U.S.C.A. section 1400 et seq., the receiving state shall initially provide comparable services to a student with 18 disabilities based on his current individualized education 19 20 program (IEP). In compliance with the requirements of 21 section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C.A. section 794, and with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities 22 Act, 42 U.S.C.A. sections 12131-12165, the receiving state 23 shall make reasonable accommodations and modifications to 24

- 1 address the needs of incoming students with disabilities,
- 2 subject to an existing 504 or Title II Plan, to provide the
- 3 student with equal access to education. This subsection
- 4 does not preclude the school in the receiving state from
- 5 performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate
- 6 placement of the student.

- 8 (d) Local education agency administrative officials
- 9 shall have flexibility in waiving course-program
- 10 prerequisites or other preconditions for placement in
- 11 courses-programs offered under the jurisdiction of the
- 12 local education agency.

13

- 14 (e) A student whose parent or legal quardian is an
- 15 active duty member of the uniformed services, as defined by
- 16 the compact and has been called to duty for, is on leave
- 17 from or immediately returned from deployment to a combat
- 18 zone or combat support posting, shall be granted additional
- 19 excused absences at the discretion of the local education
- 20 agency superintendent to visit with his parent or legal
- 21 guardian relative to such leave or deployment of the parent
- 22 or quardian.

23

24 **21-24-106.** Eligibility.

2 (a) Eligibility for enrollment shall be as follows:

3

(i) Special power of attorney, relative to the guardianship of a child of a military family and executed under applicable law shall be sufficient for the purposes of enrollment and all other actions requiring parental participation and consent;

9

10 (ii) A local education agency shall be prohibited from charging local tuition to a transitioning military 11 child placed in the care of a noncustodial parent or other 12 13 person standing in loco parentis who lives in jurisdiction other than that of the custodial parent; 14

15

(iii) A transitioning military child, placed in
the care of a noncustodial parent or other person standing
in loco parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than
that of the custodial parent, may continue to attend the
school in which he was enrolled while residing with the
custodial parent.

22

23 (b) State and local education agencies shall 24 facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military

- 1 children's inclusion in extracurricular activities,
- 2 regardless of application deadlines, to the extent they are

3 otherwise qualified.

4

5 **21-24-107.** Graduation.

6

- 7 (a) In order to facilitate the on-time graduation of
- 8 children of military families, states and local education
- 9 agencies shall incorporate the following procedures:

10

- 11 (i) Local education agency administrative
- 12 officials shall waive specific courses required for
- 13 graduation if similar course work has been satisfactorily
- 14 completed in another local education agency or shall
- 15 provide reasonable justification for denial. Should a
- 16 waiver not be granted to a student who would qualify to
- 17 graduate from the sending school, the local education
- 18 agency shall provide an alternative means of acquiring
- 19 required coursework so that graduation may occur on time;

20

21 (ii) States shall accept:

22

- 23 (A) Exit or end-of-course exams required for
- 24 graduation from the sending state;

2 (B) National norm-referenced achievement

3 tests; or

4

(C) Alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for graduation in the receiving state. In the event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a student transferring in his senior

year, then the provisions of W.S. 21-24-107(c) shall apply.

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9

(iii) Should a military student transferring at 11 the beginning or during his senior year be ineligible to 12 graduate from the receiving local education agency after 13 all alternatives have been considered, the sending and 14 receiving local education agencies shall ensure the receipt 15 of a diploma from the sending local education agency, if 16 17 the student meets the graduation requirements of the sending local education agency. In the event that one (1) 18 of the states in question is not a member of this compact, 19 20 the member state shall use best efforts to facilitate the 21 on-time graduation of the student in accordance with 22 paragraphs (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection.

23

24 21-24-108. State coordination.

2 Each member state shall, through the creation of a state council or use of an existing body or board, provide 3 for the coordination among its agencies of government, 4 5 local education agencies and military installations concerning the state's participation in, and compliance 6 with, this compact and interstate commission activities. 7 While each member state may determine the membership of its 8 9 own state council, its membership must include at least: 10 the state superintendent of education, superintendent of a 11 school district with a high concentration of military children, representative from a military installation, one 12 13 (1) representative each from the legislative and executive branches of government and other offices and stakeholder 14 groups the state council deems appropriate. A member state 15 that does not have a school district deemed to contain a 16 17 high concentration of military children may appoint a superintendent from another school district to represent 18 local education agencies on the state council. 19

20

21 (b) The state council of each member state shall 22 appoint or designate a military family education liaison to 23 assist military families and the state in facilitating the 24 implementation of this compact.

2 (c) The compact commissioner responsible for the 3 administration and management of the state's participation 4 in the compact shall be appointed by the governor or as 5 otherwise determined by each member state.

6

7 (d) The compact commissioner and the military family 8 education liaison designated herein shall be ex-officio 9 members of the state council, unless either is already a

10 full voting member of the state council.

11

12 **21-24-109.** Interstate commission on educational 13 opportunity for military children.

14

15 (a) The member states hereby create the "Interstate
16 Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military
17 Children." The activities of the interstate commission are
18 the formation of public policy and are a discretionary
19 state function.

20

21 (b) The interstate commission shall:

22

23 (i) Be a body corporate and joint agency of the 24 member states and shall have all the responsibilities,

1 powers and duties set forth herein, and such additional

2 powers as may be conferred upon it by a subsequent

3 concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the

4 member states in accordance with the terms of this compact;

5

6 (ii) Consist of one (1) interstate commission

7 voting representative from each member state who shall be

8 that state's compact commissioner subject to the following:

9

10 (A) Each member state represented at a

11 meeting of the interstate commission is entitled to one (1)

12 vote;

13

14 (B) A majority of the total member states

15 shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business,

16 unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the

17 interstate commission;

18

19 (C) A representative shall not delegate a

20 vote to another member state. In the event the compact

21 commissioner is unable to attend a meeting of the

22 interstate commission, the governor or state council may

23 delegate voting authority to another person from their

24 state for a specified meeting;

2 (D) The bylaws may provide for meetings of 3 the interstate commission to be conducted by 4 telecommunication or electronic communication.

5

Consist ex-officio, 6 (iii) οf nonvoting representatives are members of interested 7 who organizations. Such ex-officio members, as defined in the 8 9 bylaws, may include but not be limited to, members of the representative organizations of military family advocates, 10 local education agency officials, parent and teacher 11 groups, the United States department of defense, the 12 13 education commission of the states, the interstate agreement on the qualification of educational personnel and 14 interstate compacts affecting the education of 15 other children of military members; 16

17

(iv) Meet at least once each calendar year. The
chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the
request of a simple majority of the member states, shall
call additional meetings;

22

23 (v) Establish an executive committee whose 24 members shall include the officers of the interstate

1 commission and such other members of the interstate

2 commission as determined by the bylaws. Members of the

3 executive committee shall serve a one (1) year term.

4 Members of the executive committee shall be entitled to one

5 (1) vote each. The executive committee shall have the

6 power to act on behalf of the interstate commission, with

7 the exception of rulemaking, during periods when the

8 interstate commission is not in session. The executive

9 committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the

10 administration of the compact including enforcement and

11 compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws

12 and rules and other such duties as deemed necessary. The

13 United States department of defense shall serve as an ex-

14 officio, nonvoting member of the executive committee;

15

16 (vi) Establish bylaws and rules that provide for

17 conditions and procedures under which the interstate

18 commission shall make its information and official records

19 available to the public for inspection or copying. The

20 interstate commission may exempt from disclosure

21 information or official records to the extent they would

22 adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary

23 interests;

24

22

(vii) Give public notice of all meetings and all 1 meetings shall be open to the public, except as set forth 2 3 in the rules or as otherwise provided in the compact. The 4 interstate commission and its committees may close a 5 meeting, or portion thereof, where it determines by twothirds (2/3) vote that an open meeting would be likely to: 6 7 Relate solely to 8 (A) the interstate 9 commission's internal personnel practices and procedures; 10 Disclose matters specifically exempted 11 (B) from disclosure by federal and state statute; 12 13 Disclose trade secrets or commercial or 14 (C) financial information which is privileged or confidential; 15 16 17 (D) Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally censuring a person; 18 19 20 Disclose information of (E)а personal 21 where disclosure would constitute a clearly

23

unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;

22

1 (F) Disclose investigative records compiled

2 for law enforcement purposes; or

3

4 (G) Specifically relate to the interstate

5 commission's participation in a civil action or other legal

6 proceeding.

7

(viii) Shall cause its legal counsel or designee 8 9 to certify that a meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exemptible provision for any meeting, or 10 portion of a meeting, which is closed pursuant to this 11 provision. The interstate commission shall keep minutes 12 fully and clearly describe 13 which shall all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and 14 accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons 15 therefore, including a description of the views expressed 16 and the record of a roll call vote. 17 All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified 18 in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed 19 meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a 20

22

21

23 (ix) Shall collect standardized data concerning 24 the educational transition of the children of military

majority vote of the interstate commission;

- 1 families under this compact as directed through its rules
- 2 which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of
- 3 collection and data exchange and reporting requirements.
- 4 Such methods of data collection, exchange and reporting
- 5 shall, in so far as is reasonably possible, conform to
- 6 current technology and coordinate its information functions
- 7 with the appropriate custodian of records as identified in
- 8 the bylaws and rules;

- 10 (x) Shall create a process that permits military
- 11 officials, education officials and parents to inform the
- 12 interstate commission if and when there are alleged
- 13 violations of the compact or its rules or when issues
- 14 subject to the jurisdiction of the compact or its rules are
- 15 not addressed by the state or local education agency. This
- 16 section shall not be construed to create a private right of
- 17 action against the interstate commission or any member
- 18 state.

19

- 20 21-24-110. Powers and duties of the interstate
- 21 commission.

22

- 23 (a) The interstate commission shall have the following
- 24 powers:

25

2 (i) To provide for dispute resolution among 3 member states;

4

5 (ii) To promulgate rules and take all necessary
6 actions to effect the goals, purposes and obligations as
7 enumerated in this compact. The rules shall have the force
8 and effect of statutory law and shall be binding in the
9 compact states to the extent and in the manner provided in
10 this compact;

11

(iii) To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or interpretation of the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules and actions;

15

16 (iv) To enforce compliance with the compact
17 provisions, the rules promulgated by the interstate
18 commission, and the bylaws, using all necessary and proper
19 means, including but not limited to the use of judicial
20 process;

21

22 (v) To establish and maintain offices which shall 23 be located within one (1) or more of the member states;

24

1 (vi) To purchase and maintain insurance and 2 bonds; 3 4 (vii) To borrow, accept, hire or contract for 5 services of personnel; 6 (viii) To establish and appoint committees 7 including, but not limited to, an executive committee as 8 9 required by W.S. 21-24-209, which shall have the power to act on behalf of the interstate commission in carrying out 10 11 its powers and duties hereunder; 12 13 (ix) To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents or consultants and to fix 14 their compensation, define their duties and determine their 15 qualifications and to establish the interstate commission's 16 17 personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, rates of compensation and qualifications of 18 19 personnel; 20 21 (x) To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, and to 22 receive, utilize and dispose of it; 23

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(xi) To lease, purchase, accept contributions or 1 2 donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use any 3 property, real, personal or mixed; 4 5 (xii) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon or otherwise dispose of any property, 6 real, personal or mixed; 7 8 9 (xiii) To establish a budget and make expenditures; 10 11 12 (xiv) To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the 13 management and operation of the interstate commission; 14 15 (xv) To report annually to the legislatures, governors, judiciary and state councils of the member 16 17 states concerning the activities of the interstate commission during the preceding year. Such reports shall 18 also include any recommendations that may have been adopted 19 by the interstate commission; 20 21 22 (xvi) To coordinate education, training and

public awareness regarding the compact, its implementation

1 and operation for officials and parents involved in such

2 activity;

3

4 (xvii) To establish uniform standards for the

5 reporting, collecting and exchanging of data;

6

7 (xviii) To maintain corporate books and records

8 in accordance with the bylaws;

9

10 (xix) To perform such functions as may be

11 necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this

12 compact;

13

14 (xx) To provide for the uniform collection and

15 sharing of information between and among member states,

16 schools and military families under this compact.

17

18 21-24-111. Organization and operation of the

19 interstate commission.

20

21 (a) The interstate commission shall, by a majority of

22 the members present and voting, within twelve (12) months

23 after the first interstate commission meeting, adopt bylaws

24 to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to

1 carry out the purposes of the compact, including, but not 2 limited to: 3 4 (i) Establishing the fiscal year of the 5 interstate commission; 6 (ii) Establishing an executive committee, 7 such other committees as may be necessary; 8 9 10 (iii) Providing for the establishment 11 committees and for governing any general or specific delegation of authority or function of the interstate 12 13 commission: 14 15 (iv) Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the interstate commission, and 16 17 ensuring reasonable notice of each such meeting; 18 19 Establishing the titles and responsibilities (v)of the officers and staff of the interstate commission; 20 21 (vi) Providing a mechanism for concluding the 22 operations of the interstate commission and the return of 23 surplus funds that may exist upon the termination of the 24

1 compact after the payment and reserving of all of its debts

2 and obligations;

3

4 (vii) Providing "start up" rules for initial

5 administration of the compact.

6

7 (b) The interstate commission shall, by a majority of

8 the members, elect annually from among its members a

9 chairperson, a vice-chairperson and a treasurer, each of

10 whom shall have such authority and duties as may be

11 specified in the bylaws. The chairperson or, in the

12 chairperson's absence or disability, the vice-chairperson,

13 shall preside at all meetings of the interstate commission.

14 The officers so elected shall serve without compensation or

15 remuneration from the interstate commission, provided that,

16 subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the officers

17 shall be reimbursed for ordinary and necessary costs and

18 expenses incurred by them in the performance of their

19 responsibilities as officers of the interstate commission.

20

21 (c) Executive committee, officers and personnel:

22

The executive committee shall have 1 (i) such 2 authority and duties as may be set forth in the bylaws, 3 including but not limited to: 4 5 (A) Managing the affairs of the interstate commission in a manner consistent with the bylaws 6 purposes of the interstate commission; 7 8 9 (B) Overseeing an organizational structure and appropriate procedures for the interstate within,

10 11 commission to provide for the creation of rules, operating

and administrative and technical 12 procedures support

13 functions; and

14

15 Planning, implementing and coordinating (C) communications and activities with other state, federal and 16 local government organizations in order to advance the 17 goals of the interstate commission. 18

19

20 The executive committee may, subject to the (ii) 21 approval of the interstate commission, appoint or retain an 22 executive director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for such compensation, as the interstate 23 commission may deem appropriate. 24 The executive director

1 shall serve as secretary to the interstate commission, but

2 shall not be a member of the interstate commission. The

3 executive director shall hire and supervise such other

4 persons as may be authorized by the interstate commission.

5

The interstate commission's executive director and 6 (d) its employees shall be immune from suit and liability, 7 either personally or in their official capacity, for a 8 9 claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or 10 11 relating to an actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred, or that such person had a reasonable basis 12 13 for believing occurred, within the scope of interstate 14 commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided, that such person shall not be protected from suit 15 or liability for damage, loss, injury or liability caused 16

19

17

18

person:

20 (i) The liability of the interstate commission's
21 executive director and employees or interstate commission
22 representatives, acting within the scope of such person's
23 employment or duties for acts, errors or omissions
24 occurring within such person's state may not exceed the

by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such

1 limits of liability set forth under the constitution and

2 laws of that state for state officials, employees and

3 agents. The interstate commission is considered to be an

4 instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such

5 action. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to

6 protect such person from suit or liability for damage,

7 loss, injury or liability caused by the intentional or

8 willful and wanton misconduct of such person;

9

The interstate commission shall defend the 10 11 executive director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the attorney general or other appropriate legal 12 13 counsel of the member state represented by an interstate commission representative, shall defend such interstate 14 commission representative in any civil action seeking to 15 impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, 16 17 error or omission that occurred within the scope interstate commission employment, 18 duties or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable 19 20 basis for believing occurred within the scope of interstate 21 commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided 22 that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on 23 24 the part of such person;

2 To the extent not covered by the state (iii) 3 involved, member state or the interstate commission, the representatives or employees of the interstate commission 4 5 shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained 6 against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged 7 act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of 8 9 interstate commission employment, duties or10 responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable 11 basis for believing occurred within the scope of interstate commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided 12 13 that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on 14 the part of such persons. 15

16

17 21-24-112. Rulemaking functions of the interstate 18 commission.

19

20 (a) The interstate commission shall promulgate 21 reasonable rules in order to effectively and efficiently 22 achieve the purposes of this compact. Notwithstanding the 23 foregoing, in the event the interstate commission exercises 24 its rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the

1 scope of the purposes of this act or the powers granted

2 hereunder, then such an action by the interstate commission

3 shall be invalid and have no force or effect.

4

5 (b) Rules shall be made pursuant to a rulemaking

6 process that substantially conforms to the "Model State

7 Administrative Procedure Act, of 1981 Act, Uniform Laws

8 Annotated, Vol. 15, p.1 (2000) as amended, as may be

9 appropriate to the operations of the interstate commission.

10

11 (c) Not later than thirty (30) days after a rule is

12 promulgated, any person may file a petition for judicial

13 review of the rule, provided that the filing of such a

14 petition shall not stay or otherwise prevent the rule from

15 becoming effective unless the court finds that the

16 petitioner has a substantial likelihood of success. The

17 court shall give deference to the actions of the interstate

18 commission consistent with applicable law and shall not

19 find the rule to be unlawful if the rule represents a

20 reasonable exercise of the interstate commission's

21 authority.

22

23 (d) If a majority of the legislatures of the

24 compacting states rejects a rule by enactment of a statute

- 1 or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact,
- 2 then such rule shall have no further force and effect in
- 3 any compacting state.

4

- 5 21-24-113. Oversight, enforcement and dispute
- 6 resolution.

7

8 (a) Oversight:

9

- 10 (i) The executive, legislative and judicial
- 11 branches of state governments in each member state shall
- 12 enforce this compact and shall take all actions necessary
- 13 and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and
- 14 intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules
- 15 promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law;

16

- 17 (ii) All courts shall take judicial notice of the
- 18 compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative
- 19 proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject
- 20 matter of this compact which may affect the powers,
- 21 responsibilities or actions of the interstate commission;

22

- 23 (iii) The interstate commission shall be entitled
- 24 to receive all service of process in any such proceeding,

- 1 and shall have standing to intervene in the proceeding for
- 2 all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the
- 3 interstate commission shall render a judgment or order void
- 4 as to the interstate commission, this compact or
- 5 promulgated rules.

6

- 7 (b) If the interstate commission determines that a
- 8 member state has defaulted in the performance of its
- 9 obligations or responsibilities under this compact, or the
- 10 bylaws or promulgated rules, the interstate commission
- 11 shall:

12

- 13 (i) Provide written notice to the defaulting
- 14 state and other member states, of the nature of the
- 15 default, the means of curing the default and any action
- 16 taken by the interstate commission. The interstate
- 17 commission shall specify the conditions by which the
- 18 defaulting state must cure its default;

19

- 20 (ii) Provide remedial training and specific
- 21 technical assistance regarding the default;

22

- 23 (iii) If the defaulting state fails to cure the
- 24 default, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the

1 compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the

2 member states and all rights, privileges and benefits

3 conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the

4 effective date of termination. A cure of the default does

5 not relieve the offending state of obligations or

6 liabilities incurred during the period of the default;

7

8 (iv) Suspension or termination of membership in

9 the compact shall be imposed only after all other means of

10 securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent

11 to suspend or terminate shall be given by the interstate

12 commission to the governor, the majority and minority

13 leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of

14 the member states;

15

16 (v) The state which has been suspended or

17 terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations

18 and liabilities incurred through the effective date of

19 suspension or termination including obligations, the

20 performance of which extends beyond the effective date of

21 suspension or termination;

22

23 (vi) The interstate commission shall not bear any

24 costs relating to any state that has been found to be in

1 default or which has been suspended or terminated from the

2 compact, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing

3 between the interstate commission and the defaulting state;

4

5 (vii) The defaulting state may appeal the action

6 of the interstate commission by petitioning the United

7 States district court for the District of Columbia or the

8 federal district where the interstate commission has its

9 principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded

10 all costs of such litigation including reasonable

11 attorney's fees.

12

13 (c) Dispute resolution:

14

15 (i) The interstate commission shall attempt, upon

16 the request of a member state, to resolve disputes which

17 are subject to the compact and which may arise among member

18 states and between member and nonmember states;

19

20 (ii) The interstate commission shall promulgate a

21 rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute

22 resolution for disputes as appropriate.

23

24 (d) Enforcement:

1

2 (i) The interstate commission, in the reasonable 3 exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions 4 and rules of this compact;

5

The interstate commission, may by majority 6 (ii) vote of the members, initiate legal action in the United 7 States district court for the District of Columbia or, at 8 9 the discretion of the interstate commission, in the federal district where the interstate commission has its principal 10 11 offices, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its promulgated rules and bylaws, against a member 12 13 state in default. The relief sought may include both 14 injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary the prevailing party shall be 15 awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable 16 17 attorney's fees;

18

19 (iii) The remedies herein shall not be the 20 exclusive remedies of the interstate commission. The 21 interstate commission may avail itself of any other 22 remedies available under state law or the regulation of a 23 profession.

24

1 21-24-114. Financing of the interstate commission.

2

3 (a) The interstate commission shall pay or provide for 4 the payment of the reasonable expenses of its 5 establishment, organization and ongoing activities.

6

In accordance with the funding limit established 7 in subsection (e) of this section, the interstate 8 9 commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of the operations 10 and activities of the interstate commission and its staff 11 which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the 12 13 interstate commission's annual budget as approved each 14 year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the 15 interstate commission, which shall promulgate a rule 16 17 binding upon all member states.

18

19 (c) The interstate commission shall not incur 20 obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds 21 adequate to meet the same; nor shall the interstate 22 commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, 23 except by and with the authority of the member state.

24

1 (d) The interstate commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts 2 3 and disbursements of the interstate commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established 4 5 under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the interstate commission shall by 6 audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant 7 and the report of the audit shall be included in and become 8

10

9

(e) The interstate commission may not assess, levy or collect more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) per year from Wyoming legislation appropriations. Other funding sources may be accepted and used to offset expenses related to the state's participation in the compact.

part of the annual report of the interstate commission.

16

17 21-24-115. Member states; effective date; amendment.

18

19 (a) Any state is eligible to become a member state.

20

(b) The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than ten (10) of the states. The effective date shall be no earlier than December 1, 2007. Thereafter it shall

1 become effective and binding as to any other member state

2 upon enactment of the compact into law by that state. The

3 governors of nonmember states or their designees shall be

4 invited to participate in the activities of the interstate

5 commission on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the

6 compact by all states.

7

8 (c) The interstate commission may propose amendments

9 to the compact for enactment by the member states. No

10 amendment shall become effective and binding upon the

11 interstate commission and the member states unless and

12 until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the

13 member states.

14

15 21-24-116. Withdrawal and dissolution.

16

17 (a) Withdrawal:

18

19 (i) Once effective, the compact shall continue in

20 force and remain binding upon each and every member state

21 provided that a member state may withdraw from the compact

22 by specifically repealing the statute, which enacted the

23 compact into law;

24

1 (ii) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the

2 enactment of a statute repealing the same, but shall not

3 take effect until one (1) year after the effective date of

4 such statute and until written notice of the withdrawal has

5 been given by the withdrawing state to the governor of each

6 other member jurisdiction;

7

8 (iii) The withdrawing state shall immediately

9 notify the chairperson of the interstate commission in

10 writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this

11 compact in the withdrawing state. The interstate

12 commission shall notify the other member states of the

13 withdrawing state's intent to withdraw within sixty (60)

14 days of its receipt thereof;

15

16 (iv) The withdrawing state is responsible for all

17 assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through

18 the effective date of withdrawal, including obligations,

19 the performance of which extend beyond the effective date

20 of withdrawal;

21

(v) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a

23 member state shall occur upon the withdrawing state

1	reenacting	the	compact	or	upon	such	later	date	as

2 determined by the interstate commission.

3

4 (b) Dissolution of compact:

5

6 (i) This compact shall dissolve effective upon

7 the date of the withdrawal or default of the member state

8 which reduces the membership in the compact to one (1)

9 member state;

10

11 (ii) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the

12 compact becomes null and void and shall be of no further

13 force or effect, and the business and affairs of the

14 interstate commission shall be concluded and surplus funds

15 shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.

16

17 21-24-117. Severability and construction.

18

19 (a) The provisions of this compact shall be severable

20 and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision is deemed

21 unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact

22 shall be enforceable.

23

1 (b) The provisions of this compact shall be liberally 2 construed to effectuate its purposes.

3

4 (c) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to

5 prohibit the applicability of other interstate compacts to

6 which the states are members.

7

8 21-24-118. Binding effect of compact and other laws.

9

10 (a) Other laws - nothing herein prevents the

11 enforcement of any other law of a member state.

12

13 (b) Binding effect of the compact:

14

15 (i) All lawful actions of the interstate

16 commission, including all rules and bylaws promulgated by

17 the interstate commission, are binding upon the member

18 states;

19

20 (ii) All agreements between the interstate

21 commission and the member states are binding in accordance

22 with their terms;

23

1 (iii) In the event any provision of this compact

2 exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the

3 legislature of any member state, such provision shall be

4 ineffective to the extent of the conflict with the

5 constitutional provision in question in that member state.

6

7 Section 2. This act is effective July 1, 2011.

8

9 (END)