STATE OF WYOMING

HOUSE BILL NO. HB0262

Healthy workplace.

Sponsored by: Representative(s) Zwonitzer, Dn.

A BILL

for

1 AN ACT relating to labor and employment; providing for a

2 civil action for unlawful employment practices as

3 specified; establishing affirmative defenses; providing a

4 statement of intent; providing definitions; and providing

5 for an effective date.

6

7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:

8

9 **Section 1.** W.S. 27-15-101 through 27-15-108 are

10 created to read:

11

12 CHAPTER 15

13 HEALTHY WORKPLACE ACT

14

27-15-101. Short title; statement of intent.

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1 (a) This act may be cited as the "Wyoming Healthy
2 Workplace Act."

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4 (b) It is the purpose of this act:

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6 (i) To provide legal incentive for employers to

7 prevent and respond to abusive mistreatment of employees at

8 work;

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10 (ii) To provide legal relief for employees who

11 have been harmed psychologically, physically or

12 economically by being subjected to abusive work

13 environments.

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15 **27-15-102.** Definitions.

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17 (a) As used in this act:

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19 (i) "Abusive conduct" means conduct including

20 acts, omissions or both that a reasonable person would find

21 hostile based on the severity, nature and frequency of the

22 conduct. "Abusive conduct" may include, without

23 limitation:

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1 (A) Repeated verbal abuse including 2 derogatory remarks, insults or epithets; 3 4 (B) Verbal or physical conduct of 5 threatening, intimidating or humiliating nature; 6 7 (C) sabotage or undermining The of an employee's work performance; 8 9 10 Exploiting or attempting to exploit an (D) 11 employee's known psychological or physical vulnerability. 12 "Abusive work environment" means 13 (ii) that a person is subject to abusive conduct at a place of work and 14 the abusive conduct causes tangible harm to the employee; 15 16 17 (iii) "Adverse employment action" includes, limitation, termination, demotion, unfavorable 18 without reassignment, failure to promote, disciplinary action or 19 20 reduction in compensation; 21 22 (iv) "Constructive discharge" means that an employee reasonably believed he was subject to abusive 23 conduct, the employee resigned employment because of the 24

abusive conduct and the employee notified the employer of 1 2 the abusive conduct prior to resigning and the employer 3 failed to take reasonable steps to correct the conduct; 4 5 (∇) "Malice" means the desire to cause pain, injury or distress to another; 6 7 (vi) "Tangible harm" means: 8 9 10 (A) Psychological harm through the material impairment of a person's mental health, as established 11 12 through competent evidence; or 13 14 (B) Physical harm through the material 15 impairment of a person's physical health or bodily integrity as established through competent evidence. 16 17 (vii) "This act" means W.S. 27-15-101 through 18 19 27-15-108.

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21 27-15-103. Unlawful employment practices.

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1	(a)	Subjecting	an	employee	to	an	abusive	work

2 environment shall be considered an unlawful employment

3 practice under this act.

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5 (b) Retaliation against an employee who has opposed

6 an unlawful employment practice under this act or who has

7 made a charge pursuant to this act or testified, assisted

8 or participated in any manner in an investigation or

9 proceeding under this act shall be considered an unlawful

10 employment practice under this act.

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27-15-104. Employer liability; defense.

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14 (a) An employer shall be vicariously liable for any

15 unlawful employment practice under this act committed by

16 its employee.

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18 (b) If the unlawful employment practice did not

19 include an adverse employment action, it shall be an

20 affirmative defense to liability under subsection (a) of

21 this section that:

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23 (i) The employer exercised reasonable care to

24 prevent and promptly corrected any abusive conduct; or

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- 2 (ii) The complainant employee unreasonably
- 3 failed to take advantage of preventive or corrective
- 4 opportunities provided by the employer.

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6 27-15-105. Employee liability; defense.

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- 8 (a) An employee may be held individually liable for
- 9 an unlawful employment practice under this act.

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- 11 (b) It shall be an affirmative defense to liability
- 12 under subsection (a) of this section that the employee
- 13 committed an unlawful employment practice under this act at
- 14 the direction of the employer under threat of adverse
- 15 employment action.

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27-15-106. Affirmative defenses.

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- 19 (a) It shall be an affirmative defense to liability
- 20 for an unlawful employment practice under this act that:

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- (i) The complaint is based on an adverse
- 23 employment action reasonably made for poor performance,
- 24 misconduct or economic necessity;

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2 (ii) The complaint is based on a reasonable 3 performance evaluation; or

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5 (iii) The complaint is based on a defendant's 6 reasonable investigation into illegal or unethical 7 activity.

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9 **27-15-107.** Relief.

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(a) If a defendant is found to have committed an 11 unlawful employment practice under this act, a court may 12 13 enjoin the defendant from engaging in the unlawful employment practice and may order any other relief that the 14 court deems appropriate including, without limitation, 15 reinstatement, removal of the offending party from the 16 complainant's work environment, back pay, front pay, 17 medical expenses, compensation for emotional distress, 18 punitive damages and attorney's fees. 19

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21 (b) If an employer is found to have committed an 22 unlawful employment practice that did not result in an 23 adverse employment action against the complainant, the 24 employer's liability for damages and emotional distress

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- 1 shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00).
- 2 This subsection shall not apply to individually named
- 3 employee defendants.

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- 5 (c) Except as provided in subsection (d) of this
- 6 section, the provisions of this act shall be in addition to
- 7 any other provision of law. Nothing in this act shall
- 8 relieve any person from criminal or civil liability or any
- 9 duty, penalty or punishment provided by any other law.

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- 11 (d) Notwithstanding subsection (c) of this section,
- 12 if an employee receives worker's compensation benefits for
- 13 medical costs and receives relief under this act for the
- 14 same injury or illness for the same time period, the
- 15 worker's compensation payments shall be repaid from any
- 16 relief paid through a civil action brought under this act.

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18 27-15-108. Civil action; limitations.

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- 20 (a) This act shall be enforced solely through a civil
- 21 action.

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- 23 (b) A civil action brought pursuant to this act shall
- 24 be commenced not later than one (1) year after the last act

1 that constitutes an unlawful employment practice under this

2 act.

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4 Section 2. W.S. 27-14-511 is amended to read:

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6 27-14-511. Recovery of benefits paid by mistake or 7 fraud; repayment of benefits.

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9 (a) The attorney general may bring a civil action to recover the value of any benefits or other monies paid 10 11 under this act due to mistake, misrepresentation or fraud. The attorney general shall be entitled to recover the costs 12 13 of suit and reasonable attorney fees in cases of 14 misrepresentation or fraud. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a criminal prosecution where appropriate. 15 civil action for recovery of overpayment resulting from a 16 17 mistake by the division shall be commenced within one (1) year after the alleged overpayment and shall be limited to 18 recovery of those mistaken payments made within twelve (12) 19

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22 <u>(b) As provided in W.S. 27-15-107(d) an employee</u>
23 <u>shall repay any benefits received under this act to the</u>
24 extent that the employee received relief under the Wyoming

months before the commencement of the action.

Healthy Workplace Act for the same injury or illness for 1 2 the same time period. The repayment shall be made not less 3 than sixty (60) days after relief is received under the 4 Wyoming Healthy Workplace Act. The attorney general may 5 bring a civil action to recover the value of any benefits or other monies which are not repaid as required under this 6 7 subsection. Any civil action for recovery of benefits which are not repaid under this subsection shall be commenced 8 9 within one (1) year after the expiration of the sixty (60) 10 day period provided under this subsection. 11 Section 3. This act is effective July 1, 2011. 12 13

14 (END)