STATE OF WYOMING

HOUSE BILL NO. HB0064

National corporate tax recapture.

Sponsored by: Joint Revenue Interim Committee

A BILL

for

1 relating to taxation; creating the National AN ACT Corporate Tax Recapture Act; imposing a tax on businesses 2 as specified; providing for administration of the Act; 3 4 providing penalties; requiring rulemaking; requiring a report; and providing for effective dates. 5 6 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming: 8 9 Section 1. W.S. 39-12-102 through 39-12-111 are 10 created to read: 11 39-12-102. Administration; confidentiality. 12 13 (a) This chapter is known and may be cited as the 14 15 "National Corporate Tax Recapture Act". 16

1

1 (b) The administration of this chapter is vested in 2 the department of revenue. The department shall administer 3 this chapter in accordance with the multistate tax compact 4 to the extent that the compact does not conflict with this 5 chapter or Wyoming law.

б

7 (c) The department shall, to the extent practical, 8 obtain information from the federal Internal Revenue 9 Service to verify taxable income under this chapter. The 10 department shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to 11 efficiently secure the payment, collection and accounting 12 for taxes imposed by this chapter.

13

14 (d) Notices required to be mailed by the department 15 under this chapter if mailed to the address shown on the 16 records of the department shall be sufficient for the 17 purposes of this chapter.

18

(e) No state employee or other person who by his employment has knowledge of the business affairs of any person filing or required to file any tax returns under this chapter shall make known their contents in any manner or permit any person to have access to any returns or

2

STATE OF WYOMING

20LSO-0073

information contained therein except as provided by law.
 The department may also allow the following:

3

4 (i) The delivery to the taxpayer or his legal 5 representatives upon written request of a copy of any 6 return or report in connection with the tax imposed by this 7 chapter;

8

9 (ii) The publication of statistics formatted to 10 prevent the identification of particular returns or 11 reports;

12

(iii) The inspection by the Wyoming attorney general of the report or return of any person who brings an action against the state relating to the report or return, or against whom an action is contemplated or has been instituted;

18

19 (iv) The introduction into evidence of any 20 report or return or information therefrom in any 21 administrative or court proceeding relating to the report or return and to which the person making the report or 22 23 return is a party;

3

STATE OF WYOMING

20LSO-0073

1

2	(v) The furnishing of any information to the
3	United States government and its territories, the District
4	of Columbia, any state allowing similar privileges to the
5	department or to the multistate tax commission for relay to
6	tax officials of cooperating states. Information furnished
7	shall be only for tax purposes;
8	
9	(vi) The inspection of tax returns and records
10	by the state department of audit;
11	
12	(vii) The sharing of information with local
13	governmental entities and other state agencies, provided a
14	written request is made to the department and the
15	governmental entity or agency demonstrates sufficient
16	reason to obtain the information for official business
17	purposes. Information furnished shall be used for official
18	business purposes only.
19	
20	(f) The district court of the county in which
21	violations of this subsection occur shall have jurisdiction
22	over those violations. No person shall:
23	

4

STATE OF WYOMING

1 (i) Fail or refuse to make any return or payment 2 required by this chapter; 3 4 (ii) Make any false return or statement; 5 (iii) Evade the payment of any tax due; б 7 8 (iv) Aid or abet another in any attempt to evade payment of the tax due; 9 10 11 (v) Knowingly attest by signature to a false or 12 fraudulent return. 13 14 39-12-103. Imposition. 15 (a) Taxable event. There is levied a franchise tax 16 17 upon the taxable income of each taxpayer in this state as defined in W.S. 39-12-101(b)(iv). 18 19 20 (b) A taxpayer having income from business activity in Wyoming shall allocate and apportion the taxable income 21 of the taxpayer as provided in this subsection for the 22 purposes of W.S. 39-12-101(b)(iv)(F). Allocation 23 and

5

apportionment of taxable business income shall 1 be as 2 follows: 3 4 (i) If a taxpayer has no income from activity that is taxable outside of Wyoming, the taxpayer's entire 5 taxable business income shall be allocated to Wyoming; 6 7 8 (ii) A taxpayer having income from activity that is taxable both within and without Wyoming shall apportion 9 10 and allocate the taxable business income as provided in 11 this section; 12 13 (iii) Income is taxable in another state if: 14 In that other state, the income 15 (A) is subject to a net income tax, a franchise tax measured by 16 17 net income, a franchise tax for the privilege of doing 18 business, a corporate stock tax or any similar tax; or 19

20 (B) That other state has jurisdiction to 21 subject the income to a net income tax regardless of 22 whether, in fact, the state subjects the taxpayer to such 23 tax.

6

23

2 (iv) Taxable business income shall be 3 apportioned to Wyoming by multiplying the income by a 4 fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor as provided under subsection (c) of this section plus the 5 payroll factor under subsection (d) of this section plus б the sales factor under subsection (e) of this section, and 7 the denominator of which is three (3). 8 9 (c) The property factor shall be calculated as 10 11 follows: 12 13 (i) The property factor is a fraction, the 14 numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and 15 16 used in this state during the tax period and the 17 denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or 18 19 rented and used during the tax period; 20 21 (ii) Property owned by the taxpayer shall be valued at its original cost. Property rented by the 22

HB0064

taxpayer shall be valued at eight (8) times the net annual

7

1 rental rate. As used in this paragraph, "net annual rental 2 rate" means the annual rental rate paid by the taxpayer 3 less any annual rental rate received by the taxpayer from 4 subrentals;

5

6 (iii) The average value of property shall be 7 determined by averaging the values at the beginning and 8 ending of the tax period but the director of the department 9 of revenue may require the averaging of monthly values 10 during the tax period if reasonably required to reflect 11 properly the average value of the taxpayer's property.

12

13 (d) The payroll factor shall be calculated as 14 follows:

15

16 (i) The payroll factor is a fraction, the 17 numerator of which is the total amount paid in this state 18 during the tax period by the taxpayer for compensation and 19 the denominator of which is the total compensation paid 20 everywhere by the taxpayer during the tax period; 21

22 (ii) Compensation is paid in this state if:
23

8

1 (A) The individual's service is performed 2 entirely within the state; 3 4 (B) The individual's service is performed and outside the state, but the service 5 both inside performed outside the state is incidental to б the 7 individual's service within this state; or 8 9 (C) Some of the individual's service is 10 performed in the state and the base of operations: 11 12 (I) For the service or, if there is no base of operations, the place from which the service is 13 directed or controlled is in the state; or 14 15 16 (II) The place from which the service 17 is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the individual's 18 19 residence is in this state. 20 21 (e) The sales factor shall be calculated as follows: 22

HB0064

9

1 (i) The sales factor is a fraction, the 2 numerator of which is the total sales of the taxpayer in 3 this state during the tax period, and the denominator of 4 which is the total sales of the taxpayer everywhere during 5 the tax period; 6 7 (ii) Sales of tangible personal property are in this state if the property is: 8 9 10 (A) Delivered or shipped to a purchaser 11 within this state regardless of the f.o.b. shipping point 12 or other conditions of the sale; or 13 14 (B) Shipped from an office, store, 15 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in this state 16 and the taxpayer is not taxable in the state of the 17 purchaser. 18 19 (iii) Sales, other than sales of tangible 20 personal property, are in this state if the income producing activity is performed: 21 22 (A) In this state; or 23

10

STATE OF WYOMING

20LSO-0073

1 2 (B) Receipts, other than receipts described 3 in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph are in this state if 4 the taxpayer's market for the sales is in this state. The taxpayer's market for sales is in this state: 5 6 7 (I) In the case of sale, rental, lease 8 or license of real property, if and to the extent the 9 property is located in this state; 10 11 (II) In the case of rental, lease or 12 license of tangible personal property, if and to the extent the property is located in this state; 13 14 15 (III) In the case of sale of a 16 service, if and to the extent the benefit of the service is 17 received in this state; 18 19 (IV) the of intangible In case 20 property that is rented, leased or licensed, if and to the extent the property is used in this state, provided that 21 22 intangible property used in marketing a good or service to

11

STATE OF WYOMING

1 a consumer is "used in this state" if that good or service 2 is purchased by a consumer who is in this state; and 3 4 (V) In the case of intangible property that is sold, if and to the extent the property is used in 5 this state, provided that: 6 7 (1) A contract right, government 8 9 license, or similar intangible property that authorizes the holder to conduct a business activity in a specific 10 11 geographic area is "used in this state" if the geographic 12 area includes all or part of this state; 13 14 (2) Receipts from intangible 15 property sales that are contingent on the productivity, 16 use, or disposition of the intangible property shall be 17 treated as receipts from the rental, lease or licensing of the intangible property under subdivision (IV) of this 18 19 subparagraph; and 20 21 (3) All other receipts from a 22 sale of intangible property shall be excluded from the numerator and denominator of the receipts factor. 23

2 (C) If the state or states of attribution 3 under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph cannot be 4 determined, the state or states of attribution shall be 5 determined by the state or states in which the delivery of 6 the service occurs;

7

8 (D) If the state of attribution cannot be 9 determined under subparagraph (B) or (C) of this paragraph, 10 the receipt shall be excluded from the denominator of the 11 receipts factor.

12

(f) Rents and royalties from real or tangible personal property, capital gains, interest, dividends or patent or copyright royalties, to the extent they constitute nonbusiness income, shall be allocated, net of related expenses, as provided in this section.

18

19 (g) The department may require taxpayers to provide 20 additional information and documentation related to 21 apportionment, allocation of income and the property 22 factor, payroll factor and sales factor to support an 23 income tax return under this chapter.

13

STATE OF WYOMING

20LSO-0073

1 2 (h) If the allocation and apportionment provisions of 3 this chapter do not fairly represent the extent of the 4 taxpayer's business activity in this state, the taxpayer may petition for or the director of the department of 5 revenue may require any or all of the following, if б 7 reasonable: 8 9 (i) A separate accounting of all or a part of 10 the business activity of the taxpayer; 11 12 (ii) The exclusion of one (1) or more of the apportionment factors; 13 14 15 (iii) The inclusion of one (1) or more 16 additional factors which will fairly represent the 17 taxpayer's business activity in this state; 18 19 (iv) The use of any other method to effectuate 20 an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's 21 income. 22 39-12-104. Taxation rate. 23

14

STATE OF WYOMING

20LSO-0073

1

2 There is levied and shall be paid by the taxpayer a tax on 3 that portion of taxable income of the taxpayer that is 4 allocated and apportioned to Wyoming at a rate of seven 5 percent (7%). б 7 39-12-105. Exemptions. 8 There are no specific applicable provisions for exemptions 9 10 for this chapter. 11 12 39-12-106. Licenses and permits. 13 There are no specific applicable provisions for licenses 14 and permits for this chapter. 15 16 17 39-12-107. Compliance; collection procedures. 18 19 (a) Returns and reports. Except as otherwise provided 20 in this subsection, each taxpayer shall report their total taxable income and the portion of the income that is 21 apportioned to Wyoming as provided in W.S. 39-12-103 to the 22 department not more than thirty (30) days after the date 23

1 the taxpayer is required to file a federal income tax 2 return under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code 3 including any extensions authorized for filing of the 4 federal income tax return. The following shall apply to 5 affiliated groups:

6

7 (i) An affiliated group of corporations may make 8 or the director of the department of revenue may require 9 them to make a consolidated return for the tax year in 10 place of separate returns using the combined method of 11 accounting. For purposes of calculating the amount of tax 12 payable by the group under a consolidated filing, the 13 provisions of 26 U.S.C. § 1552 shall apply;

14

15 (ii) A corporation that is a member of an 16 affiliated group shall file a return using the water's edge 17 reporting method. A return under this section shall include 18 the following corporations that are part of an affiliated 19 group with the filing corporation:

20

(A) An affiliated corporation that is
eligible to be included in a federal consolidated return
under 26 U.S.C. § 1501 through 1505 if the corporation's

16

STATE OF WYOMING

20LSO-0073

property, payroll and sale factors in the United States 1 2 average twenty percent (20%) or more or average under 3 twenty percent (20%) if the corporation does not meet the 4 requirements of 26 U.S.C. § 861(c); 5 6 (B) A domestic international sales 7 corporation as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 992(a); 8 9 (C) A foreign sales corporation or FSC as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 922(a); 10 11 12 (D) A corporation, regardless of the place 13 the corporation was incorporated, if where the corporation's property, payroll and sales factors in the 14 United States average twenty percent (20%) or more. 15 16 17 (iii) As used in this section: 18 19 (A) "Affiliated corporation" means a member of an affiliated group to which the taxpayer filing a 20 return under this section belongs; 21 22

1 (B) "Affiliated group" means a group of two 2 (2) or more corporations in which fifty percent (50%) or 3 more of the voting stock of each member of the group is 4 directly or indirectly owned by one (1) or more corporate or noncorporate owners or by one (1) or more of the members 5 of the group; 6 7 8 (C) "Foreign corporation" means а corporation created or organized outside of the United 9 10 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of 11 Puerto Rico or a possession of the United States; 12 13 (D) "Water's edge reporting method" means a reporting method in which the only corporations besides the 14 15 that be included in the taxpayer may return are 16 corporations listed in paragraph (ii) of this subsection. 17 18 (b) Payment. Any taxpayer owing a tax under this 19 chapter shall pay the tax once each year at the same time 20 the report under subsection (a) of this section is 21 provided. The tax shall be collected by the department. 22

18

1 (c) Timelines. There are no specific applicable 2 provisions for timelines for this chapter.

3

4

39-12-108. Enforcement.

5

credits and deficiencies 6 (a) Audits. То assess against taxpayers, the department is authorized to rely on 7 8 final audit findings made by the department of audit, taxpayer information or information reported by 9 the 10 taxpayer to the Internal Revenue Service or to the 11 department of revenue subject to the following conditions:

12

(i) Audits shall commence when the taxpayer receives written notice of the engagement of the audit. The issuance of the written notice of the audit shall toll the statute of limitations provided in W.S. 39-12-110 for the audit period specified in this subsection;

18

19 (ii) After receiving notice of an audit under 20 this subsection, the taxpayer shall preserve all records 21 and books necessary to determine the amount of tax due for 22 the time period that is being audited;

23

19

1 (iii) Except as otherwise provided in this 2 paragraph, audits shall encompass a time period not to 3 exceed three (3) years immediately preceding the reporting 4 period when the audit is engaged. The three (3) year limit 5 shall not apply to an audit if there is evidence of gross negligence or intent to evade by the taxpayer in reporting 6 7 or remitting taxes for the reporting period being audited; 8 9 (iv) If a taxpayer is not willing or able to 10 produce adequate records to demonstrate taxes due, the 11 department or the department of audit may project taxes 12 based on the best information available; 13 14 (v) The department of audit may contract with or employ auditors or other technical assistance necessary to 15 16 determine whether the taxes imposed by this chapter have 17 been properly reported and paid; 18 19 (vi) Audits under this subsection are subject to 20 the authority and procedures provided in W.S. 9-2-2003. 21 22 (b) Interest. The following shall apply: 23

HB0064

20

1 Interest at an annual rate equal to the (i) 2 average prime interest as determined by the state treasurer 3 during the preceding fiscal year, plus four percent (4%), 4 shall be added to all delinquent taxes under this chapter. 5 To determine the average prime interest rate, the state treasurer shall average the prime interest for at least 6 seventy-five percent (75%) of the thirty (30) largest banks 7 8 in the United States. The interest rate on delinquent 9 taxes shall be adjusted on January 1 of each year following 10 the year in which the taxes first became delinquent. In no 11 instance shall the delinquent interest rate be less than 12 twelve percent (12%) nor greater than eighteen percent 13 (18%); 14

15 (ii) The department may credit or waive interest 16 imposed by this subsection as part of a settlement or for 17 any other good cause.

18

19 (c) Penalties. The following shall apply:

20

(i) If any part of a deficiency is due to
negligence or intentional disregard of rules and
regulations but without intent to defraud there shall be

21

added a penalty of ten percent (10%) of the amount of the 1 2 deficiency plus interest as provided by paragraph (b)(i) of 3 this section. The taxes, penalty and interest shall be paid 4 by the taxpayer within ten (10) days after notice and 5 demand is made by the department; б 7 (ii) If any part of the deficiency is due to fraud with intent to evade there shall be added a penalty 8 9 of twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of the 10 deficiency plus interest as provided by paragraph (b)(i) of this section. The taxes, penalty and interest shall be paid 11 12 by the taxpayer within ten (10) days after notice and demand is made by the department; 13 14 15 (iii) Any person who files a false or fraudulent return is subject to the provisions of W.S. 6-5-303; 16 17 18 (iv) Any person who violates any provision of 19 this chapter for which there are no specific penalties is 20 guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined 21 not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00). Each violation is a separate offense; 22 23

22

1 (v) If a taxpayer fails to file a return as 2 required by this chapter, the department shall give written 3 notice by mail to the taxpayer to file a return on or 4 before the last day of the month following the notice of delinquency. If a taxpayer then fails to file a return the 5 department shall make a return from the best information 6 available which will be prima facie correct and the tax due 7 8 therein is a deficiency and subject to penalties and 9 interest as provided by this chapter; 10 11 (vi) The department credit may or waive 12 penalties imposed by this subsection as of part а settlement or for any other good cause. 13 14 15 (d) Liens. The following shall apply: 16 17 Any tax due under this chapter constitutes a (i) debt to the state from the taxpayer, and is a lien from the 18 19 date the tax is due on all the real and personal property 20 of the taxpayer. Notice of the lien shall be filed with the 21 county clerk of the county in which the taxpayer resides or conducts business. The lien does not have preference over 22 preexisting secured indebtedness but shall have priority 23

23

1 from and after the date of filing or recording. The 2 department shall cancel lien statements within sixty (60) 3 days after taxes due are paid or collected. No other action 4 by the department is required to perfect a lien under this paragraph regardless of the type of property involved. 5 б 7 (e) Tax sales. The following shall apply: 8 9 (i) The tax due together with interest, 10 penalties and costs be collected by appropriate may 11 judicial proceedings the department, with board or 12 approval, or its representative, may seize and sell at public auction so much of the taxpayer's property as will 13 pay all the tax then due plus interest, penalties and 14 costs. Notice of the auction shall be published for four 15 16 (4) weeks in a newspaper published in the resident county 17 of the taxpayer or the county in which the majority of the 18 property is located. 19 20 39-12-109. Taxpayer remedies. 21 Interpretation requests. A taxpayer may request 22 (a)

23 and the department shall provide written interpretations of

24

these statutes and rules adopted by the department. When 1 2 requesting an interpretation, a taxpayer shall set forth 3 the facts and circumstances pertinent to the issue. If the 4 department deems the facts and circumstances provided to be insufficient, it may request additional information. A 5 taxpayer may act in reliance upon a written interpretation 6 7 through the end of the calendar year in which the 8 interpretation was issued, or until revoked by the department, whichever occurs last if the pertinent facts 9 10 and circumstances were substantially correct and fully 11 disclosed.

12

(b) Appeals. Except as provided by this subsection, 13 no person aggrieved by the payment of the taxes, penalty 14 15 and interest imposed by this chapter may appeal a decision 16 of the state board of equalization until all taxes, penalty 17 and interest have been paid. For good cause shown, the court to which the decision of the board is appealed may 18 19 stay enforcement of the tax during the pendency of the 20 appeal. The court's stay of enforcement shall not affect 21 the accruing of interest upon any assessment and levy.

22

23 (c) Refunds. The following shall apply:

25

1

2	(i) Any tax, penalty or interest which has been
3	erroneously paid, computed or remitted to the department by
4	a taxpayer shall either be credited against any subsequent
5	tax liability of the taxpayer or refunded. No credit or
б	refund shall be allowed after three (3) years from the date
7	of overpayment. The receipt of a claim for a refund by the
8	department shall toll the statute of limitations under W.S.
9	39-12-110. All refund requests received by the department
10	shall be approved or denied within ninety (90) days of
11	receipt. Any refund or credit erroneously made or allowed
12	may be recovered in an action brought by the attorney
13	general in any court of competent jurisdiction.
13 14	general in any court of competent jurisdiction.
	(d) Credits. The following shall apply:
14	
14 15	
14 15 16	(d) Credits. The following shall apply:
14 15 16 17	(d) Credits. The following shall apply:(i) Each taxpayer is entitled to a credit
14 15 16 17 18	(d) Credits. The following shall apply:(i) Each taxpayer is entitled to a credit against tax liability under this chapter for all excise,
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (d) Credits. The following shall apply: (i) Each taxpayer is entitled to a credit against tax liability under this chapter for all excise, sales, use, severance and ad valorem taxes paid in the tax
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (d) Credits. The following shall apply: (i) Each taxpayer is entitled to a credit against tax liability under this chapter for all excise, sales, use, severance and ad valorem taxes paid in the tax year by the same taxpayer to any taxing authority in

26

1	that is not owned by the taxpayer. The taxpayer shall
2	report the credit to the department on the return filed
3	under W.S. 39-12-107. The department may require supporting
4	documentation on the credit claimed under this paragraph.
5	In no case shall any refund be due or payable if the amount
6	of the credit claimed by any taxpayer under this paragraph
7	exceeds the amount of tax due under this chapter. False
8	claims are punishable as provided by W.S. 6-5-303;
9	
10	(ii) The taxpayer is entitled to receive an
11	offsetting credit for any overpaid tax identified by an
12	audit that is within the scope of the audit period, without
13	regard to the limitation period for requesting refunds.
14	
15	(e) Redemption. There are no specific applicable
16	provisions for redemption for this chapter.
17	
18	(f) Escrow. There are no specific applicable
19	provisions for escrow for this chapter.
20	
21	39-12-110. Statute of limitations.
22	

27 НВ0064

1 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no 2 credit or refund shall be allowed after three (3) years 3 from the date of overpayment. The receipt of a claim for a 4 refund by the department shall toll the statute of 5 limitations.

б

7 (b) The department may bring an action to recover any delinquent taxes, penalty or interest in any appropriate 8 9 court within three (3) years following the delinquency. In 10 the case of an assessment created by an audit, the delinquency period is deemed to start thirty (30) days 11 12 after the date the assessment letter is sent. Any tax penalty and interest related to the audit assessment shall 13 be calculated from the date on which the deficiency 14 such action a certificate by the 15 occurred. In any 16 department is prima facie evidence of the amount due.

17

18 **39-12-111.** Distribution.

19

20 Revenues collected under W.S. 39-12-104 during each fiscal 21 year shall be recognized as revenue during that fiscal year 22 for accounting purposes. For all revenue collected by the 23 department under W.S. 39-12-104 the department shall credit

28

STATE OF WYOMING

20LSO-0073

1 one hundred percent (100%) to the school foundation program 2 account. 3 4 Section 2. W.S. 39-12-101 is amended to read: 5 39-12-101. Preemption by state; definitions. б 7 8 (a) The state of Wyoming does hereby preempt for itself the field of imposing and levying income taxes, 9 10 earning taxes, or any other form of tax based on wages or 11 other income and no county, city, town or other political 12 subdivision shall have the right to impose, levy or collect 13 such taxes. 14 (b) To the extent they do not conflict with the 15 16 provisions of this chapter, the terms and definitions of 17 the Internal Revenue Code shall apply to this chapter. As used in this chapter: 18 19 20 (i) "Business income" means income arising from transactions and activity in the regular course of the 21 taxpayer's trade or business and includes income from 22 tangible and intangible property if the acquisition, 23

29

1	management and disposition of the property constitute
2	integral parts of the taxpayer's regular trade or business
3	operations;
4	
5	(ii) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other
6	than business income;
7	
8	(iii) "Tax year" means the taxable year used by
9	the taxpayer for purposes of the federal income tax;
10	
11	(iv) "Taxable income" means the federal taxable
12	income of a taxpayer as computed under the Internal Revenue
13	Code and reported by the taxpayer to the Internal Revenue
14	Service on federal form 1120, adjusted as follows:
15	
16	(A) Reduced by any interest received from
17	obligations of the United States that is included in
18	taxable income or in the computation of taxable income on
19	the federal tax return;
20	
21	(B) Reduced by any other income included in
22	the taxable income or in the computation of taxable income
23	which is exempt from taxation by this state because of the

30

1	provisions of the Constitution of Wyoming or the
2	Constitution of the United States;
3	
4	(C) Increased by the amount of any income
5	taxes, including income taxes of foreign countries, or
6	franchise or privilege taxes measured by income, to the
7	extent that the taxes were deducted to determine federal
8	taxable income;
9	
10	(D) Increased to remove any deductions
11	taken for sales, use and ad valorem taxes paid in the tax
12	year by the same taxpayer to any taxing authority in
13	Wyoming;
14	
15	(E) Increased by the amount of any special
16	deductions and net operating loss deductions to the extent
17	that these items were deducted in determining federal
18	taxable income;
19	
20	(F) Reduced by the amount of income not
21	allocated and apportioned to this state under the
22	provisions of W.S. 39-12-103, but only to the extent that
23	the amount of net income not allocated and apportioned to

1	this state under the provisions of that section is not
2	included in any adjustment made pursuant to the preceding
3	subparagraphs of this paragraph;
4	
5	(G) The total sum calculated pursuant to
6	the preceding subparagraphs of this paragraph shall be
7	reduced by the amount of any net operating loss that is
8	attributable to Wyoming sources. If the net operating loss
9	that is attributable to Wyoming sources exceeds the taxable
10	income calculated pursuant to the preceding subparagraphs
11	of this paragraph, the excess may be carried forward for
12	the same time period that an identical federal net
13	operating loss may be carried forward. If a corporation
14	uses an apportionment formula to determine the amount of
15	income that is attributable to Wyoming, the corporation
16	shall use the same formula to determine the amount of net
17	operating loss that is attributable to Wyoming. No
18	deduction may be taken for a carryforward when determining
19	the amount of net operating loss that is attributable to
20	Wyoming sources.
21	

22 (v) "Taxpayer" means any person who has taxable
23 income earned in Wyoming and who files or is required to

32

1	file federal form 1120 with the Internal Revenue Service if
2	the corporation or the affiliated group as defined in W.S.
3	<u>39-12-107(a)(iii)(B) has more than one hundred (100)</u>
4	shareholders. For purposes of this paragraph, an employee
5	stock ownership plan shall count as one (1) shareholder
6	regardless of the number of employees in the plan.
7	"Taxpayer" shall not include any person who makes an
8	election as an unincorporated entity and shall not include
9	a limited liability company that makes an election to file
10	taxes on federal form 1120 to the Internal Revenue Service
11	regardless of the number of members of the limited
12	liability company.
13	
14	Section 3. The department of revenue shall adopt
15	rules under W.S. 39-11-102 as necessary to begin collection

16 of the tax created by this act for tax years beginning in 17 2021.

18

19 Section 4. The department of revenue shall 20 investigate the advisability of Wyoming becoming a member 21 state of the multistate tax commission and the advisability 22 of adopting all or a portion of the multistate tax compact. 23 The investigation shall include a determination of what

33

STATE OF WYOMING

1	statutory changes would be required for Wyoming to become a
2	member of the multistate tax commission and any other
3	actions that would be necessary for membership. The
4	department shall report the results of the investigation
5	under this section to the joint revenue interim committee
6	not later than September 1, 2020.
7	
8	Section 5.
9	
10	(a) Sections 3 through 5 of this act are effective
10 11	(a) Sections 3 through 5 of this act are effective immediately upon completion of all acts necessary for a
11	immediately upon completion of all acts necessary for a
11 12	immediately upon completion of all acts necessary for a bill to become law as provided by Article 4, Section 8 of
11 12 13	immediately upon completion of all acts necessary for a bill to become law as provided by Article 4, Section 8 of
11 12 13 14	immediately upon completion of all acts necessary for a bill to become law as provided by Article 4, Section 8 of the Wyoming Constitution.
11 12 13 14 15	<pre>immediately upon completion of all acts necessary for a bill to become law as provided by Article 4, Section 8 of the Wyoming Constitution. (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a) of</pre>

34