SENATE FILE NO. SF0116

Protection of lawful commerce in firearms.

Sponsored by: Senator(s) Dockstader and Representative(s)
Allred

A BILL

for

1 AN ACT relating to civil procedure; providing immunity from

2 specified civil lawsuits to firearm manufacturers and

3 sellers; specifying exceptions; providing definitions;

4 specifying applicability; and providing for an effective

5 date.

6

7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:

8

9 **Section 1**. W.S. 1-1-142 is created to read:

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11 1-1-142. Immunity from liability for firearm

12 manufacturers and sellers; definitions; exceptions.

13

14 (a) As used in this section:

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1 SF0116

1 (i) "Ammunition" means any projectile expelled 2 by action of an explosive from a firearm; 3 4 (ii) "Firearm" means any weapon that will or is designed to expel a projectile by the action of 5 an explosive; 6 7 8 (iii) "Firearms accessories" means as defined by W.S. 6-8-403(a)(iv); 9 10 11 (iv) "Manufacturer" means a person who is engaged in the business of manufacturing a qualified 12 product and who is licensed to engaged in business as a 13 manufacturer under 18 U.S.C. §§ 921-934; 14 15 16 (v) "Qualified civil liability action" means a 17 civil action or administrative proceeding brought against a manufacturer or seller of a qualified product for any 18 19 damages or other relief resulting from the criminal or 20 unlawful misuse of a qualified product. "Qualified civil liability action" shall not include any action specified in 21

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subsection (c) of this section;

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1
             (vi) "Qualified product"
                                            means
                                                     lawfully
 2
    manufactured and
                       sold ammunition, firearms,
                                                     firearms
 3
    accessories and antique firearms as
                                            defined by W.S.
4
    6-8-403(a)(viii);
5
             (vii) "Seller" means any person licensed to sell
 6
    a qualified product under 18 U.S.C. §§ 921-934;
7
8
9
             (viii) "Trade association" means as defined by
10
    W.S. 13-10-301(a)(vii);
11
12
             (ix) "Unlawful misuse"
                                               conduct
                                       means
                                                         that
13
    violates a statute, ordinance or regulation applying to the
14
    use of a qualified product.
15
16
         (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this
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    section, manufacturers of qualified products, sellers of
    qualified products and trade associations shall be immune
18
19
    from civil liability in any qualified civil liability
20
    action. A qualified civil liability action brought against
21
    any manufacturer of qualified products, seller of qualified
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3 SF0116

products or trade association that does not allege any of

- 1 the actions specified in subsection (c) of this section
- 2 shall be dismissed.

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- 4 (c) The immunity specified in subsection (b) of this
- 5 section shall not apply to any action:

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- 7 (i) Brought against a person who transfers a
- 8 qualified product and who is convicted under 18 U.S.C. §
- 9 924(h) or W.S. 6-8-102 by a party directly harmed by the
- 10 conduct of which the transferor was convicted;

11

- 12 (ii) Brought against a seller for negligent
- 13 entrustment or negligence per se;

14

- 15 (iii) In which a manufacturer or seller of a
- 16 qualified product knowingly violated a state or federal
- 17 statute applicable to the sale or marketing of the
- 18 qualified product, and the violation was a proximate cause
- 19 of the harm for which relief is sought. Conduct to which
- 20 this paragraph applies shall include:

21

- 22 (A) Any incident in which the manufacturer
- 23 or seller knowingly made any false entry in, or failed to

1 make the appropriate entry in, any record required to be

2 kept under federal or state law with respect to the

3 qualified product, including any incident where the

4 manufacturer aided, abetted or conspired with any person in

5 making any false or fictitious oral or written statement

6 regarding any fact material to the lawfulness of the sale

7 or other disposition of a qualified product;

8

9 (B) Any case in which the manufacturer or 10 seller aided, abetted or conspired with any other person to 11 sell or otherwise dispose of a qualified product knowing,

12 or having reasonable cause to believe, that the actual

13 buyer of a qualified product was prohibited from possessing

14 or receiving a qualified product under state or federal

15 law.

16

17 (iv) For breach of contract or warranty in 18 connection with the purchase of the product;

19

20 (v) For death, physical injuries or property
21 damage resulting directly from a defect in the design or
22 manufacture of the qualified product, when used as intended
23 or in a reasonably foreseeable manner, except that where

5

1 the discharge of the product was caused by an act that

2 constitutes a criminal offense, that act shall be deemed

3 the sole proximate cause of any resulting death, injury or

4 property damage;

5

6 (vi) Commenced to enforce the provisions of W.S.

7 6-8-102 or 6-8-103 or 18 U.S.C. §§ 921-934;

8

9 (vii) That alleges that an injury or death

10 resulted from an act or omission of the manufacturer,

11 seller or trade association that constitutes gross

12 negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct.

13

14 Section 2. This act shall apply to any cause of

15 action accruing on and after the effective date of this

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16 act.

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18 Section 3. This act is effective July 1, 2023.

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20 (END)